THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The World Bank has provided loan assistance of around US $ 1937 million for the various exploration and developmental projects of ONGC and OIL such as, Bombay High Offshore Development Project and Gas Flaring Reduction Project. The first loan agreement was signed in the year 1977 and an amount of approximately US $ 1906 million has already been utilised by the two companies.

U.S. Pressures on India's Nuclear Policy

6030. SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA:

SHRI VIJAY GOEL:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the US continues to increase bilateral and international pressures on India to sign the NPT, CTBT and Fissile Material Cut off Treaty (FMCT);

(b) the details of the steps taken by the US to put such pressures on India; and

(c) the Government's reaction thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI RAMAKANT D. KHALAP): (a) The NPT and the recently concluded CTBT are important issues on the United States non-proliferation agenda. Similarly, the US attaches high priority to the early commencement of negotiations for a Fissile Materials Cut Off Treaty (FMCT). India and the US have not discussed these issues at the bilateral level for sometime. India's stand on these issues is principled and consistent. It is also well known and has been articulated in multilateral fora.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Chargesheeting of DDA Officials

6031. PROF. RITA VERMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the details of employees (Class III, Group C) with their names and designations who have deserted DDA and went abroad without intimation/taking prior permission/ leave during the period 1979-86;

(b) The details of employees who had been chargesheeted and departmental enquiry under the relevant Conduct Rules was intimated against them; and

(c) the details of such persons who have been found guilty and their services terminated by DDA ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU) : (a) to (c) DDA has reported that it does not have any system of keeping records of employees going abroad without intimating and deserting services. However, cases of unauthorised absence are dealt with under the Conduct Rules. Prolonged absence without permission leads to termination of services. During the period of 1981-86 services of two officials were terminated and penalty of reduction in rank/stoppage of increment(s) were imposed on three officials for unauthorised absence from duty.

[Translation]

Urban Employment Schemes

6032. PROF. RASA SINGH RAWAT: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the schemes being implemented by the Government for providing employment to unemployed in the urban areas;

(b) the year-wise assistance provided under these schemes to Rajasthan and other States during the last five years; and

(c) The outcome thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) This Ministry is implementing two Centrally Sponsored Urban Poverty Eradication Programmes namely Nehru Rozgar Yojana (NRY) and Prime Minister's Integrated Urban Poverty Eradication Programme (PMIUPEP) with an employment generation component. NRY was launched in October, 1989 with the objective of providing self employment and wage employment opportunities to the urban poor living below poverty line and is being implemented throughout the country including Rajasthan.

PMIUPEP launched in November, 1995 has self employment through setting up of micro interprises as one of the many components. This programme is applicable to all urban Agglomerations having population ranging between 50,000 to 1,00,000 as per the 1991 census.

(b) Under NRY, the details of Central assistance given under SUME (subsidy) during the last five years are givne in attached statement-I.

Statement-II showing year-wise funds released under PMIUPEP is attached.

(c) NRY: The details of beneficiaries assisted to set-up micro units during the last five years are given in statement-III.

PMIUPEP: Statement IV showing achievement is attached.

Statement-I

NEHRU ROZGAR YOJANA

Central Funds Provided Under Scheme of Urban Micro Enterprises (sub.) from the year 1992-93 to 1996-97

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S.N.	Name of State/UT	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Andhra Pradesh	155.60	268.00	173.90	197.25	197.25
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Assam	28.60	11.37	23.00	23.00	23.00
4.	Bihar	60.45	-	77.15	167.10	167.10
5.	Goa	-	-	1.25	2.00	-
6.	Gujarat	33.35	46.22	42.55	79.15	-
7.	Haryana	21.20	35.55	29.00	26.15	21.80
8.	Himachal Pradesh	11.00	5.00	6.00	12.00	12.00
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	14.00	14.00	7.00	14.00	14.00
10.	Karnataka	116.20	80.67	74.20	77.98	-
11.	Kerala	59.50	72.40	81.83	53.65	53.65
12.	Madhya Pradesh	140.90	243.04	193.90	171.54	143.00
13.	Maharashtra	190.60	199.47	92.80	247.25	218.45
14.	Manipur	6.00	6.80	9.83	9.59	8.00
15.	Meghalaya	3.90	-	-	5.00	5.00
16.	Mizoram	3.00	1.50	3.69	3.60	3.00
17.	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-
18.	Orissa	39.90	68.60	44.50	50.40	-
19.	Punjab	40.70	70.35	56.16	19.90	19.90
20.	Rajasthan	35.45	98.45	90.60	88.00	88.00
21.	Sikkim	6.20	4.13	4.91	4.80	4.00
22.	Tamil Nadu	171.20	308.96	210.50	206.95	178.15
23.	Tripura	4.10	3.67	3.69	3.00	3.00
24.	Uttar Pradesh	346.10	596.58	475.91	410.93	347.90
25.	West Bengal	152.70	89.70	83.65	196.90	-
26.	A & N Islands	-	1.85	4.12	3.35	3.35
27.	Chandigarh	-	-	2.55	-	-
28.	D & N Haveli	-	0.85	0.85	1.65	-
29.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	3.35	-
30.	Delhi	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	-
31.	Pondicherry	2.00	-	2.00	2.00	-
	Total	1657.05	2241.56	1809.94	2105.89	1510.55

Statement-II

PRIME MINISTER'S INTEGRATED URBAN POVERTY ERADICATION PROGRAMME (PMIUPEP)

Funds Released under Pmiupep for the years 1995-96 and 1996-97

(Rupees in Lakhs)

S.No.	Name of the State	Central Share Released (1995-96)	Central Share Released (1996-97)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	980.58	866.13
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	68.11	95.8045
3.	Assam	265.94	314.7863
4.	Bihar	819.37	443.0348
5.	Goa	90.00	58.5615
6.	Gujarat	583.59	315.5450
7.	Haryana	183.03	103.6784
8.	Himachal Pradesh	87.57	82.6388
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	136.22	121.5492
10.	Karnataka	634.59	343.1226
11.	Kerala	263.20	176.24
12.	Madhya Pradesh	772.87	437.7788
13.	Maharashtra	948.60	512.9095
14.	Manipur	48.65	68.4318
15.	Meghalaya	38.92	42.6336
16.	Mizoram	19.46	27.7938
17.	Nagaland	108.65	123.1772
18.	Orissa	269.17	145.5448
19.	Punjab	306.30	270.55
20.	Rajasthan	506.27	447.18
21.	Sikkim	38.92	36.7290
22.	Tamil Nadu	1046.37	647.00
23.	Tripura	19.45	25.37280
24.	Uttar Pradesh	1584.74	884.3184
25.	West Bengal	679.43	390.4892
26.	A & N Islands	50.00	30.00
27.	Pondicherry	30.00	30.00
	Total	**10580.00**	**7060.00**

Statement-III

NEHRU ROZGAR YOJANA

No. of beneficiaries assisted under SUME during the year 1992-93 to 1996-97

S.No.	Name of State/UT	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
1.	Andhra Pradesh	25523	18175	15510	5701	18315
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	40	-	813
3.	Assam	1822	1299	13572	-	0
4.	Bihar	3732	1987	-	14026	428
5.	Goa	-	440	-	10	0
6.	Gujarat	4765	2630	1663	1777	1512
7.	Haryana	7435	800	2060	1725	1644
8.	Himachal Pradesh	190	-	-	1334	108
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	1695	91	-	1489	2386
10.	Karnataka	14789	3345	14048	-	4358
11.	Kerala	4790	5202	3279	1282	0
12.	Madhya Pradesh	43787	32072	-	16019	16581
13.	Maharashtra	18839	11917	7435	10649	13441
14.	Manipur	395	2745	1651	-	0
15.	Meghalaya	119	274	-	146	1415
16.	Mizoram	-	-	700	40	(–) 90
17.	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	0
18.	Orissa	4946	1214	-	6223	3408
19.	Punjab	3985	3931	2670	2133	3931
20.	Rajasthan	4594	11749	9621	9415	12140
21.	Sikkim	182	16	-	310	406
22.	Tamil Nadu	19182	24418	12665	9857	26618
23.	Tripura	330	137	(–) 33	22	119
24.	Uttar Pradesh	59101	24813	35852	24893	24833
25.	West Bengal	15169	4368	3042	17567	(–) 5278
26.	A & N Islands	-	177	1	102	328
27.	Chandigarh	178	-	21	135	64
28.	D & N Haveli	43	53	11	37	40
29.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	213	245
30.	Delhi	1038	295	79	=	518
31.	Pondicherry	246	160	705	211	616
	Total	236855	152308	124595	125308	128899

Statement-IV

Prime Minister's Integrated Urban Poverty Eradication Programme (PMIUPEP)

TARGET :

5 million urban poor have been targetted to benefit under the programme during the 5 years Programme period (1995-96 to 1999-2000).

ACHIEVEMENTS:

The physical achievements as reported by the States are as under:-

(a) House-to-house survey completed in 240 towns.

(b) Town-wise project reports have been prepared for 229 towns.

(c) Under the self-employment component, 31,286 applications have been forwarded to banks, out of which 4726 cases have been approved.

(d) Under the Shelter Upgradation Component, 14504 applications have been forwarded to banks/HUDCO, out of which 7796 cases have been approved by HUDCO.

(e) 8382 Neighbourhood Groups, 1280 Neighbourhood Development Committees and 81 Community Development Societies have been formed.

(f) 921 Thrift and Credit Societies and 151 Community Kendras have been formed

Amount Deposited in Banks in M.P.

6033. SHRI BUDHSEN PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of amount deposited by the people in banks of Madhya Pradesh and the extent of amount invested during the last three years and the percentage thereof;

(b) the reasons for not utilising the amount at required percentage in the State and the steps taken to increase the percentage;

(c) the per capita amount distributed in Madhya Pradesh and other States during the above period and the reasons for advancing less amount of loans;

(d) whether Government are aware of the backwardness of the State due to shortage of banks in remote areas of Madhya Pradesh; and

(e) if so, the steps taken to bring improvement in the above situation ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.P. VEERENDRA KUMAR) : (a) to (e) As reported by Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the aggregate outstanding deposits and gross bank credit of all scheduled commercial banks and the percentage of Credit Deposit Ratio thereof in Madhya Pradesh as on the last Friday of March 1994, March 1995 and March 1996 is given below:-

(Rs. lakhs)

Year ended March	Deposits	Credit	Credit Deposit Ratio (per cent)
1994	10964.41	6142.29	56.0
1995	13324.38	7105.41	53.3
1996	15651.13	8934.28	57.1

Average per capita amount of gross bank credit in Madhya Pradesh and rest of India as on last Friday of March 1994, March 1995 and March 1996 as reported by RBI is given below:-

(Amount in Rs.)

	Per capita amount of Gross Bank Credit for the year ended March		
	1994	1995	1996
Madhya Pradesh	868	985	1215
Rest of India	2097	2553	2965

The Credit Deposit Ratio (CDR) in a particular State or region depends not only on the efforts made by the banks but also on various other factors such as credit absorption capacity, infrastructural support and the overall policy framework in the region. RBI have advised the banks that they should achieve a CDR of 60 per cent in respect of their rural and semi-urban branches separately on an all-India basis. Banks have also been advised that while it is not necessary that this ratio should be achieved separately branch-wise, district-wise or region-wise, the banks should nevertheless ensure that wide disparity in the ratios between different States/Regions is avoided in order to minimise imbalances in credit deployment.

[English]

Interest Rates on Deposits

6034. SHRI BHAKTA CHARAN DAS:

SHRI SULTAN SALAHUDDIN OWAISI:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have changed the norms for paying interest rates on deposits withdrawn before maturity;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the Government are aware that several private sector banks have been violating the bank guidelines while making payment of interest rates on term deposits; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and the action being taken against such banks ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.P. VEERENDRA KUMAR): (a) and (b) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) have reported that they have advised commercial banks (including Regional Rural Banks) that effective 1st April, 1997 on a premature withdrawal of a Domestic/Non-resident (External) term deposit, the interest should be paid at the rate applicable to the period for which the deposit remained with the bank or at the contracted rate, whichever is lower, less one per cent penalty for premature withdrawal. Earlier, on premature withdrawal of such deposits, the interest was payable at the rate applicable to the period for which the deposit